MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2320 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-3230

MSDS Number: 3074 SRM Name: Phthalates in Methanol

SRM Number: 3074

Date of Issue: 19 April 2006

MSDS Coordinator: Mario Cellarosi

Telephone: 301-975-6776 FAX: 301-926-4751

E-mail: SRMMSDS@nist.gov

Emergency Telephone ChemTrec: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION I. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Material Name: Phthalates in Methanol

Description: A unit of SRM 3074 consists of five 2-milliliter ampoules, each containing 1.2 mL of solution.

Other Designations: Phthalates in Methanol (methyl alcohol; wood alcohol; methyl hydroxide; carbinol; monohydroxymethane; wood spirit; wood naphtha; methylol)

Name Chemical Formula CAS Registry Number^(a)
Methanol CH₃OH 67-56-1

DOT Classification: Methanol; UN1230; Packing Group II; Hazard Class 3.

SECTION II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS(a)

Hazardous Components	Nominal Concentration (%)	Exposure Limits and Toxicity Data
Methanol	99	OSHA TWA: 260 mg/m ³ (200 ppm)
		NIOSH recommended STEL (skin): 325 mg/m ³ (250 ppm)
		NIOSH recommended TWA (skin): 260 mg/m ³ (200 ppm) (10 h)
		Human, Inhalation: TC _{LO} : 86 000 mg/m ³
		Human, Oral: LD _{LO} : 143 mg/kg
		Rat, Oral: LD ₅₀ : 5 628 mg/kg
Adipate and Phthalates ^(b)		
Dimethylphthalate Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate		
Diethylphthalate Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	< 0.1 %	
Di-n-butylphthalate Di-n-octylphthalate		
Benzylbutylphthalate		

⁽a) Hazardous components 1 % or greater; Carcinogens 0.1 % or greater are listed in compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200. For the list and actual concentration of other constituents less than 1 %, which are below the reportable limit, refer to the corresponding Certificate of Analysis.

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⁽a) For the CAS Registry Numbers of the adipate and phthalates in this material, refer to the corresponding Certificate of Analysis.

⁽b) This material contains an adipate and phthalates, which have been reported to have toxic, mutagenic, and/or carcinogenic properties, and should be handled with care. The carcinogens in this material have a total concentration < 0.1 % and do not require individual MSDS information under current regulations. For actual concentrations, see the corresponding Certificate of Analysis.</p>

SECTION III. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Methanol				
Appearance and Odor: a clear, colorless liquid with a characteristic alcoholic odor	Freezing Point: -94 °C (-137 °F)			
Relative Molecular Mass: 32.04	Vapor Pressure (@ 20 °C): 97.25 mmHg			
Density: 0.7914 g/m ³	Evaporation Rate (butyl acetate = 1): 4.6			
Boiling Point: 65 °C (149 °F)	Water Solubility: soluble			
Viscosity (@ 20 °C): 0.59 cP	Solvent Solubility: soluble in ether, benzene, alcohol, acetone, chloroform, and ethanol			

SECTION IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Methanol

Flash Point: 11 °C Method Used: Closed Cup Autoignition Temperature: 385 °C

Flammability Limits in Air (Volume %): UPPER: 36 LOWER: 6.0

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Methanol is a severe fire and explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapor and air mixtures are explosive.

Extinguishing Media: Use alcohol-resistant foam, regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water spray.

Special Fire Procedures: Fire fighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face piece in the pressure demand or positive mode and other protective clothing.

SECTION V. REACTIVITY DATA					
Stability:	X Stable	Unstable			

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of vapors or combustion by-products. Avoid contact with the skin. **DO NOT** allow the material to contaminate water sources.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): This material is incompatible with halo carbons, combustible materials, metals, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal carbide, bases, and acids.

See Section IV: Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Thermal decomposition products of methanol may include oxides of carbon and various organic fragments.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur X Will Not Occur

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SECTION VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA					
Route of Entry:	X Inhalation	X Skin	<u>X</u>	Ingestion	
absorbed through ski sensation, coughing,	in. Ingestion may be fatal wheezing, laryngitis, shorti	and can cause nerve damage. I or cause blindness. Symptoness of breath, headache, nauseys. Methanol may also cau	oms of exposu- ea, and vomiti	re may include burning ng. Exposure can cause	
Medical Conditions skin disorders, and al	• 00	y Exposure: Methanol may	affect eye disc	rders, kidney disorders,	
Listed as a Carcinog	en/Potential Carcinogen ((Methanol):			
			Yes	No	
In the National Tox	xicology Program (NTP) R	eport on Carcinogens		X	
In the International	Agency for Research on C	Cancer (IARC) Monographs		X	
By the Occupation	al Safety and Health Admir	nistration (OSHA)		X	
	,	(dimethylphthalate; diethylp e; di- <i>n</i> -octylphthalate; <i>bis</i> [2-e	,	pate): No	
In the National To	xicology Program (NTP) R	enort on Carcinogens	165	X	
	. .	Cancer (IARC) Monographs		$\frac{X}{X}$	
By the Occupation		X			
Listed as a Carcinog	en/Potential Carcinogen ((bis[2-ethylhexyl]phthalate):			
			Yes	No	
	xicology Program (NTP) R		X		
	~ ·	Cancer (IARC) Monographs		<u>X</u>	
By the Occupation	al Safety and Health Admir	nistration (OSHA)		X	

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Rinse affected area with large amounts of water followed by washing the area with soap and water. Watch for chemical irritations and treat them accordingly. Obtain medical assistance if necessary.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids, with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance.

Inhalation: If inhaled, move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen; if the victim is not breathing, give artificial respiration. Obtain medical assistance if necessary.

Ingestion: If ingested, wash out mouth with water. Obtain medical assistance immediately.

TARGET ORGAN(S) OF ATTACK: Central nervous system (CNS).

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SECTION VII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled: Notify safety personnel of major spills and/or leaks. Evacuate nonessential personnel. Stop the leak if one can do so without risk. Absorb small spills with sand or other absorbent material and place into containers for disposal.

Waste Disposal: Follow all federal, state, and local laws governing disposal.

Handling and Storage: Persons handling this material must wear protective eyewear, clothing, and gloves to prevent contact with this material.

This material should be stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and conditions. Protect containers from physical damage.

SECTION VIII. SOURCE DATA/OTHER COMMENTS

Sources: MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Dimethyl Phthalate, 16 June 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Diethy Phthalate, 16 June 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Dibutyl Phthalate, 08 December 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Butyl Benzyl Phthalate, 08 December 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS *Di-(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate*, 15 September 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Dioctyl Phthalate, 16 June 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Di(2-Ethylhexyl)Adipate, 17 March 2005.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Methyl Alcohol, 16 June 2005.

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this MSDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The MSDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data on the MSDS. The certified value for this material is given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

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